

- 10) The inverse of the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 3 & -2 \\ 5 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$ is
- A) $\frac{1}{5}\begin{pmatrix} 5 & 2 \\ -5 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$ B) $\frac{1}{10}\begin{pmatrix} 5 & -2 \\ -5 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$
- C) $\frac{1}{25}\begin{pmatrix} 5 & 2 \\ -5 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$ D) $\frac{1}{15}\begin{pmatrix} 3 & -2 \\ 5 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$
- 11) If $\begin{vmatrix} -4 & x-4 \\ -2 & x+1 \end{vmatrix} = 0$, then the value of x is
- A) 6 B) -6
- C) 3 D) -3
- 12) If $z = \frac{-1+\sqrt{3}i}{2}$, then z^3 is equal to
- A) i B) 1
- C) $-i$ D) -1
- 13) The multiplicative inverse of $3 - 2i$ is
- A) $\frac{3}{13} + \frac{2}{13}i$ B) $\frac{2}{13} + \frac{3}{13}i$
- C) $\frac{3}{13} - \frac{2}{13}i$ D) $\frac{2}{13} - \frac{3}{13}i$
- 14) The amplitude of the complex number $-\sqrt{3} - i$ is
- A) $\frac{\pi}{6}$ B) $\frac{2\pi}{3}$
- C) $\frac{11\pi}{6}$ D) $\frac{7\pi}{6}$
- 15) The maximum value of $\sin x + \cos x$ is
- A) 1 B) 2
- C) $\sqrt{2}$ D) $1/\sqrt{2}$
- 16) The general solution of the equation $4 \cos^2 x = 1$ is
- A) $n\pi \pm \frac{\pi}{6}$ B) $n\pi + \frac{\pi}{6}$
- C) $n\pi + \frac{\pi}{3}$ D) $n\pi \pm \frac{\pi}{3}$
- 17) The smallest angle of the triangle having sides 7cm, $4\sqrt{3}$ cm and $\sqrt{13}$ cm is
- A) 30° B) 60°
- C) 45° D) 15°
- 18) The distance between the lines $4x - 3y = 22$ and $4x - 3y = 12$ is
- A) 0 B) 2
- C) 10 D) 5

- 19) The equation $3x^2 + xy - y^2 - 3x + 6y + k = 0$ represents a pair of straight line, then k is
 A) 9
 B) -9
 C) 0
 D) 1
- 20) The line $y = mx + c$ is normal to the circle $x^2 + y^2 = a^2$ if
 A) $c = \pm a\sqrt{1+m^2}$
 B) $c = 0$
 C) $m = 0$
 D) $c = m = 0$
- 21) The equation of the tangent to the circle $x^2 + y^2 = 13$ at the point (2, 3) is
 A) $2x + 3y = \sqrt{13}$
 B) $2x - 3y = 13$
 C) $2x - 3y = \sqrt{13}$
 D) $2x + 3y = 13$
- 22) The equations $ax + by + c = 0$ and $\alpha x + \beta y + \gamma = 0$ represents the same line if and only if
 A) $\frac{a}{\alpha} = \frac{b}{\beta}$
 B) $a = \alpha, b = \beta, c = \gamma$
 C) $\frac{a}{\alpha} = \frac{b}{\beta} = \frac{c}{\gamma}$
 D) $c = \gamma$
- 23) The value of b for which the equations $9x + 4y = 9$ and $7x + by = 5$ have no solution is
 A) 4
 B) 7
 C) $\frac{9}{28}$
 D) $\frac{28}{9}$
- 24) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} f(x)$ for the function $f(x) = \begin{cases} 2x-1 & \text{for } x < 0 \\ 2x+1 & \text{for } x \geq 0 \end{cases}$ is
 A) 0
 B) 1
 C) -1
 D) not exist
- 25) The value of k for which the function $f(x) = \begin{cases} x-k, & x < 1 \\ 5-x, & x \geq 1 \end{cases}$ is continuous at $x = 1$ is
 A) 4
 B) 5
 C) -3
 D) 3
- 26) The derivative of $\frac{1}{x} + x$ with respect to x is
 A) $1 - \frac{1}{x^2}$
 B) $\ln x + \frac{x^2}{2}$
 C) $\ln x + 1$
 D) 0
- 27) If $y = \ln(\sin x)$, then $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$ is equal to
 A) $\cot x$
 B) $-\operatorname{cosec}^2 x$
 C) $\sec^2 x$
 D) $-\operatorname{cosec} x \cot x$
- 28) The derivative of $\tan x$ with respect to $\sec x$ is
 A) $\sec^2 x$
 B) $\cos x$
 C) $\sin x$
 D) $\operatorname{cosec} x$

- 29) The derivative of 5^x is
- A) $5^x \log 5$
B) 5^x
C) $x 5^{x-1}$
D) $\frac{5^x}{\log 5}$
- 30) The function $f(x) = \begin{cases} |x|, & x \neq 0 \\ 0, & x = 0 \end{cases}$ at the point $x = 0$ is
- A) differentiable
B) continuous but not differentiable
C) not continuous
D) none of these
- 31) The interval in which the function $f(x)$ is increasing is
- A) $(2, \infty)$
B) $[-2, \infty)$
C) $(-2, \infty)$
D) $[2, \infty)$
- 32) The tangent to the parabola $x^2 = 2y$ at $(1, 2)$ makes with x-axis an angle of
- A) 0°
B) 45°
C) 30°
D) 60°
- 33) The minimum value of $x^2 + 1/x^2$ is
- A) 1
B) 2
C) -2
D) 3
- 34) If the radius of the circular plate on heating is increasing at the rate of 1.2 cm/s, then the rate of increase of its circumference is
- A) 1.2π cm/s
B) 2π cm/s
C) π cm/s
D) 2.4π cm/s
- 35) $\int \frac{dx}{x \log x}$
- A) $\log(\log x) + c$
B) $x \log x - x + c$
C) $x^x + c$
D) $(\log x)/x + c$
- 36) $\int \frac{x}{x+3} dx$ is equal to
- A) $x + 3 \ln|x + 3| + c$
B) $x - 3 \ln|x + 3| + c$
C) $3 \ln|x + 3| + c$
D) $x + \ln|x + 3| + c$
- 37) $\int_1^e \ln x dx$ is equal to
- A) 0
B) e
C) -1
D) 1
- 38) $\int x e^{-x} dx$ is equal to
- A) $x e^{-x} - e^{-x} + c$
B) $-x e^{-x} + e^{-x} + c$
C) $x e^{-x} + e^{-x} + c$
D) $-x e^{-x} - e^{-x} + c$
- 39) The area bounded by the curves $y^2 = 4x$ and $x = 9$ is
- A) 12
B) 18
C) 24
D) 36

- 40) The area bounded by $y^2 = x - 1$, y-axis between $y = 0$ to $y = 3$ is
- | | |
|------|-------|
| A) 6 | B) 12 |
| C) 9 | D) 10 |

PHYSICS

- 41) What are the dimensions of Van der wall's Constant 'a' in the formula: (P +
 $\frac{a}{V^2})(V - b) = RT$, Here, 'P' and 'V' and pressure and volume.
- | | |
|------------------------|---------------------|
| A) $[M L^{-1} T^{-2}]$ | B) $[M L T^{-2}]$ |
| C) $[M L^5 T^{-2}]$ | D) $[M L^5 T^{-2}]$ |
- 42) The maximum height (H) attained by a projectile launched with initial velocity 'u' and angle ' θ ' is:
- | | |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| A) $\frac{u \sin^2 \theta}{2g}$ | B) $\frac{u^2 \sin 2\theta}{2g}$ |
| C) $\frac{u^2 \sin^2 \theta}{2g}$ | D) $\frac{u^2 \sin^2 \theta}{g^2}$ |
- 43) A body of mass 5 kg is acted upon by two perpendicular forces 8N and 6N. What is the direction of acceleration?
- | | |
|--------------------|--------------------|
| A) $Tan^{-1}(3/4)$ | B) $sin^{-1}(3/4)$ |
| C) $Cot^{-1}(3/4)$ | D) $Tan^{-1}(4/3)$ |
- 44) The mass of the Sun, if the mean radius of the Earth's orbit is 'R' and 'G' is gravitational constant, is
- | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| A) $\frac{4\pi^2 R^3}{GT^2}$ | B) $\frac{4\pi R^2}{3GT^2}$ |
| C) $\frac{4\pi R^3}{G^2 T}$ | D) $\frac{3\pi^2 R^3}{4GT^2}$ |
- 45) An electron revolves round a nucleus in an orbit of radius $0.5 \times 10^{-10} m$. If its linear velocity in the orbit is $2.2 \times 10^6 m/s$, what will be its angular momentum (in SI units)?
- | | |
|---------------|---------------|
| A) 10^{-35} | B) 10^{-34} |
| C) 10^{35} | D) 10^{-36} |
- 46) If two temperatures differ by 25 on Celsius scale, what is the difference on Fahrenheit scale?
- | | |
|-------|-------|
| A) 25 | B) 45 |
| C) 52 | D) 54 |
- 47) The efficiency of a Carnot engine depends upon :
- | | |
|---|-----------------------------------|
| A) Nature and amount of working substance | B) Temperature of sink only |
| C) Temperature of source only | D) Temperature of source and sink |

- 48) Which of the following expresses the relationship between focal length (f) and radius of curvature (R) of a curved mirror?
- A) $R = f/2$ B) $f = R/2$
 C) $f = 2R$ D) $R = 2f$
- 49) The value of permittivity of free space (in unit Farad/meter) is:
- A) 8.85×10^{12} B) 8.85×10^{-12}
 C) 9.1×10^9 D) 9.1×10^{-9}
- 50) Velocity of radio wave is 3.0×10^8 m/s. A radio station broadcasts on a wavelength of 2.0 m. It's frequency in MHz is:
- A) 1.5×10^8 B) 1.5×10^2
 C) 1.5×10^6 D) 1.5
- 51) Truth Table:
- | | | |
|---|---|---|
| A | B | C |
| 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 1 | 1 | 0 |
- A and B are inputs and C is the output of a logic gate. The type of such gate is:
- A) NOR B) AND
 C) OR D) NAND
- 52) A physical constant that appears in de – Broglie equation is:
- A) Planck's constant B) Faraday's constant
 C) Gravitational constant D) Boltzmann's constant
- 53) Magnetic susceptibility of some materials is large and positive. Those materials are called:
- A) Paramagnetic B) Ferromagnetic
 C) Antiferromagnetic D) Diamagnetic
- 54) In which of the following materials, electrical conductivity increases with increase in temperature?
- A) Cobalt B) Germanium
 C) Nichrome D) Copper
- 55) A coil has 'N' turns, radius 'a' and carries current 'i'. Magnetic field at it's center is:
- A) $\frac{\mu_0 Ni}{2\pi a}$ B) $\frac{\mu_0 Ni}{2a}$
 C) $\frac{\mu_0 Ni}{2\pi}$ D) $\frac{\mu_0 Ni^2}{2\pi a}$
- 56) Which of the following phenomena is followed only by transverse waves?
- A) Diffraction B) Polarization
 C) Interference D) Refraction

- 57) The γ – ray emitted by a radioactive nucleus, actually is:
 A) Photon
 B) Electron
 C) Proton
 D) Neutron
- 58) The atomic mass unit is used for unit of:
 A) Mass only
 B) Energy only
 C) Both mass and energy
 D) Neither mass nor energy
- 59) Mass of a proton (in Kg) is equal to:
 A) 9.11×10^{-31}
 B) 1.67×10^{-27}
 C) 1.68×10^{-27}
 D) 1.60×10^{-19}
- 60) In a simple harmonic motion, the K.E. of the body is maximum at which position?
 A) Extreme
 B) Between extreme and mean
 C) Mean
 D) K.E. is constant
- 61) The energy stored in a capacitor is given by:
 A) $\frac{1}{2} \frac{q^2}{C}$
 B) $\frac{1}{2} q^2 C$
 C) $\frac{1}{2} q C^2$
 D) $\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{q^2 C}$
- 62) The prefix ‘ Pico’ used in a unit represents:
 A) 10^{15}
 B) 10^{-12}
 C) 10^{-15}
 D) 10^{12}
- 63) Which of the parameters below does not change on refraction of wave?
 A) Wavelength
 B) Phase
 C) Speed
 D) Frequency
- 64) Which of the following is correct for X – ray:
 A) Deflected by electric field
 B) Does not possess charge
 C) Deflected by magnetic field
 D) Possess charge
- 65) In parallel combination of resistors with unequal resistances, the equivalent resistance:
 A) Is less than minimum of that in combination
 B) Is more than maximum of that in combination
 C) Remains as that of minimum one of in combination
 D) Remains as that of maximum one in combination
- 66) A lens of power -4D is placed in contact with a lens of power +2D. The power of lens combination will
 A) +6D
 B) +2D
 C) -2D
 D) -1D
- 67) If the normal reaction is doubled, keeping limiting friction same, the coefficient of friction is
 A) not changed
 B) halved
 C) doubled
 D) tripled

- 68) The amount of heat required to change the state of 1kg of substance at constant temperature is called
A) Kilocal B) Calorie
C) Specific heat D) Latent heat
- 69) Mechanical waves can be
A) longitudinal only B) transverse only
C) both longitudinal and transverse D) neither longitudinal nor transverse
- 70) The bending of light waves through the corners of the obstacle is called
A) refraction B) diffraction
C) interference D) beats

ENGLISH

- 71) Dikendra got his servant _____ his house.
A) paint B) to paint
C) painted D) painting
- 72) Among the following words, _____ has /æ/ sound.
A) mouth B) moon
C) sound D) add
- 73) The word 'Tabulate' has primary stress on _____ syllables.
A) 1st B) 2nd
C) 3rd D) 4th
- 74) The word _____ has three syllables from the following.
A) absent B) academy
C) department D) beauty
- 75) The man has been working here _____ last Monday.
A) for B) to
C) from D) since
- 76) If you boil the water, it _____ into vapour.
A) changes B) will change
C) would change D) will be changed
- 77) The passive form of the sentence, 'Everybody speaks English all over the world' is _____.
A) English was spoken all over the world B) English is spoken all over the world
C) English is being spoken all over the world D) English has been spoken all over the world
- 78) Question tag of the sentence, 'Let's prepare the minute', _____?
A) shall we B) will you
C) do you D) don't we
- 79) I explained that I was _____ artist, but that I was sometimes _____ plumber as well.
A) an, the B) a, a
C) an, a D) an, an

- 80) The indirect speech of He says "I will meet you at the station" is _____.
- A) he says that he would meet him at the station B) he said that he would meet him at the station
C) he said that he will meet him at the station D) he says that he will meet him at the station

CHEMISTRY

- 81) Minimum energy required for the molecules to enter into the reaction is called
- A) Potential energy B) Kinetic energy
C) Activation energy D) Nuclear energy
- 82) Le -Chatelier's principle is not applicable to
- A) Homogenous reaction B) Not homogenous reaction
C) System that is in equilibrium D) System that is not in equilibrium
- 83) Why liquid ammonia is used in refrigerator? Because of its
- A) High basicity B) High heat of vaporization
C) High dipole moment D) All the above
- 84) Tick the necessary conditions for Geometrical isomerism
- A) There should be carbon - carbon double bond compound B) First carbon must contain two different groups attached
C) Second carbon must contain same group as the first carbon D) All the above
- 85) Which test is useful to distinguish formaldehyde with acetaldehyde?
- A) Schiff's test B) Fehling's test
C) Test with Iodine in basic condition D) Tollen's test
- 86) Bromomethane can be converted into methanol in suitable chemical environment, the reaction involved is
- A) Nucleophilic substitution B) Electrophilic substitution
C) Elimination D) Addition
- 87) Markovnikoff's rule is applicable to
- A) Free radical addition reaction B) Electrophilic addition reaction
C) Substitution reaction D) Elimination reaction
- 88) In which type of reaction, the number of pi bonds in the product increases?
- A) Elimination reaction B) Addition reaction
C) Substitution reaction D) Electrophilic addition reaction
- 89) A sample of drinking water was found to be severely contaminated with chloroform (CHCl_3) supposed to be a carcinogen. The level of contamination was 20 ppm (by mass), express this in % by mass.
- A) $20 \times 10^5 \times 100$ B) $20/10^6 \times 100$
C) $20/10^5 \times 100$ D) $20 \times 10^6 \times 100$
- 90) Which of the following is optically active compound?
- A) Formic acid B) Acetic acid
C) Phenol D) Lactic acid

